Year 6 to 7 Transition Tasks Maths

This booklet is designed to be completed over 6 weeks.

Each week will be broken up into two tasks.

TASK 1: Revision Mat – Mixed Topics

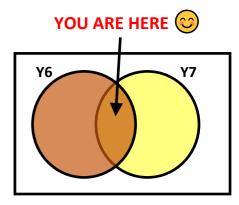
Get into good habits and make sure you show all of your working for each question.

TASK 2: Problem-Solving Challenge

Think about how you will approach this task.

Again, show all your working. It's not all about the final solution – the fun is in the journey getting to it 🕲 🕲





Week	Revision Mat #Correct	Problem Solving (Tick/Cross)
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		





Week 1 - Task 1

3.9 × 30 =

 $1\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}$

Write your answer as a mixed number fraction.

Two of the angles in a triangle are 60° and 50°.

Logan says, 'The triangle must be isosceles.' Explain why Logan is **not** correct.

Molly completes this calculation:

Write an **addition** calculation she could use to check her answer.

Jamie has £300. He spends 65% of the money on a new bike.

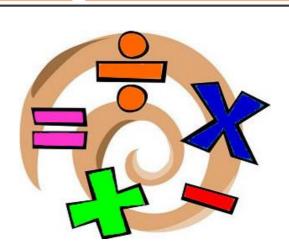
How much does Jamie spend on his new bike?

The numbers in this sequence **decrease** by the same amount each time.

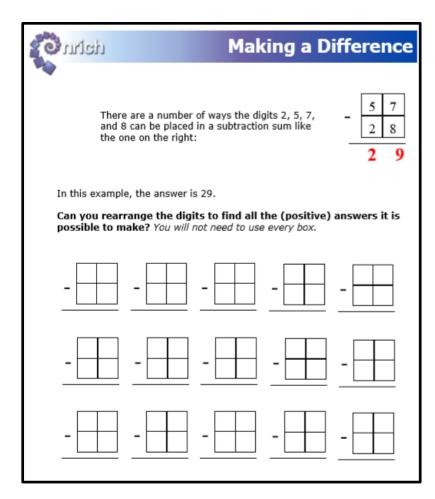
204 718, 203 718, 202 718, 201 718, 200 718 What is the next number in the sequence?



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Week 1 - Task 2



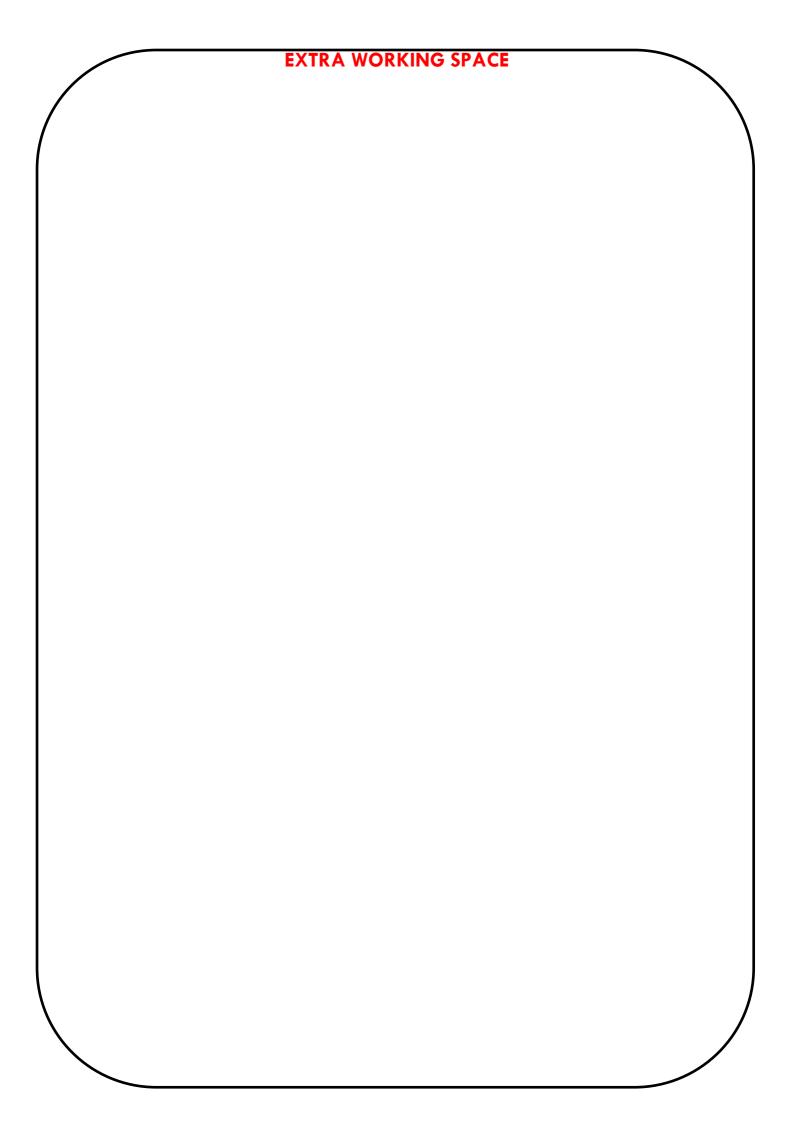
BRIGHT SPARKS EXTENSION QUESTIONS

Can you work out which four digits you need to start with to be able to get all the possible answers 7, 9, 11, 13, 18, 22, 29, and 31?

Can you show that if you're only allowed to use consecutive digits (e.g. 5, 6, 7, 8), 31 is the largest possible answer and 7 the smallest?







Week 2 - Task 1

A book has 316 pages. Ameena reads $\frac{1}{4}$ of the pages.

How many pages does Ameena have **left** to read?

The temperature in the fridge is 6°C.

The temperature in the freezer is -22°C.

What is the difference between the two temperatures?

Here is a drawing of a 3D shape.



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Identify the number of faces, vertices and edges which the shape has:

faces:

vertices:

edges:

What is the name of this 3D shape?

0.1 ÷ 100

Identify all the common factors of both 12 and 28.

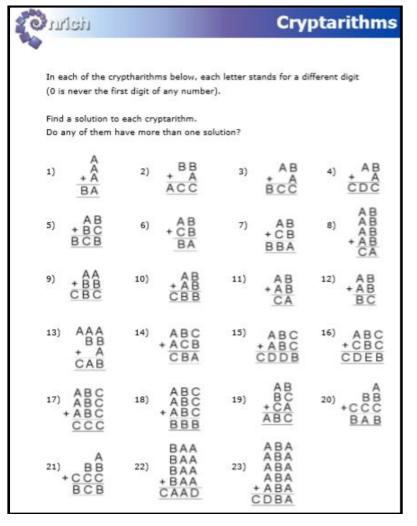
There are 24 students in a class.

The teacher has 8 litres of blackcurrant squash.

They pour 275 millilitres of blackcurrant squash for each student.

How much squash is **left** over? Give your answer in litres.

Week 2 - Task 2



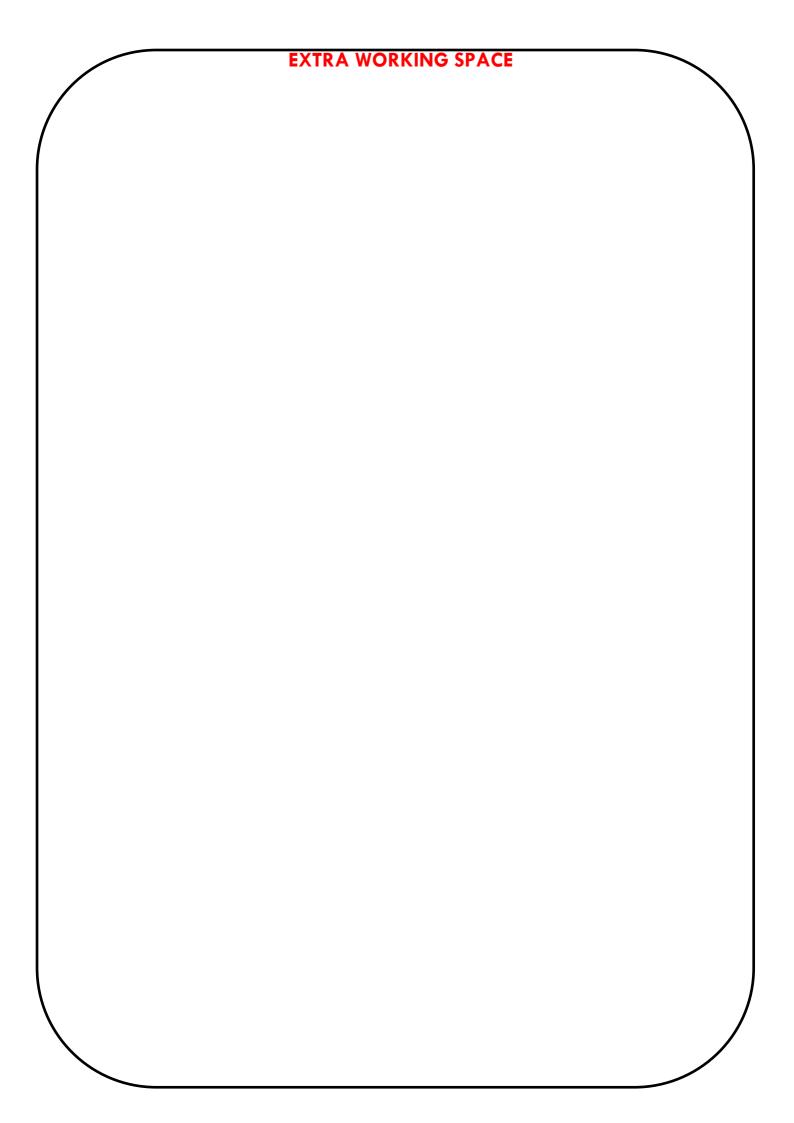
BRIGHT SPARKS EXTENSION QUESTIONS

Is it possible for all of the digits 1 to 9 to appear exactly once in the addition below?

Using each digit from 1 to 9 once, what is the largest sum you can obtain in the addition above?

And smallest?





Week 3 - Task 1

 $0.25, \frac{75}{100}, \frac{14}{100}, 0.5, \frac{3}{12}$

Which two numbers from the list are equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$?

Here are four number cards:

- 6
- 1
- 7
- 5
- Ava uses each card once to make a four-digit number. She places:
 - · 5 in the hundreds column;
 - 6 so that it has a lower value than any of the other digits;
 - The remaining 2 digits so that 1 has the higher value.

What is Ava's number?

 Ava was given an extra card. When she multiplied the number on the card by 1576, the result was 15 760.

What number was on the card?

 $\frac{1}{4} \div 2$

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Elijah buys 4 large crates of oranges and d 3 small crates of oranges.

Each large crate has 32 oranges and each small crate has 16 oranges.

Elijah would like to give 1 orange to each student in his year group.

If there are 180 students in his year group, does he have enough oranges so that every student receives 1 orange each? $8^2 - 45 \div 5$

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Calculate 99% of 500

Week 3 - Task 2



Peaches Today, Peaches Tomorrow...

(i) A little monkey had 60 peaches.

On the first day, he kept $\frac{3}{4}$ of his peaches, gave the rest away, then ate one. On the second day, he kept $\frac{7}{11}$ of his peaches, gave the rest away, then ate one. On the third day, he kept $\frac{5}{9}$ of his peaches, gave the rest away, then ate one. On the fourth day, he kept $\frac{2}{7}$ of his peaches, gave the rest away, then ate one. On the fifth day, he kept $\frac{2}{3}$ of his peaches, gave the rest away, then ate one. How many peaches did he have left?

(ii) A little monkey had 75 peaches.

Each day, he kept a fraction of his peaches, gave the rest away, and then ate one.

These are the fractions he decided to keep:

 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{13}{11}$

In which order did he use the fractions so that he was left with just one peach at the end?

BRIGHT SPARKS EXTENSION QUESTIONS

Whenever the monkey has some peaches, he always keeps a fraction of them each day, gives the rest away, and then eats one.

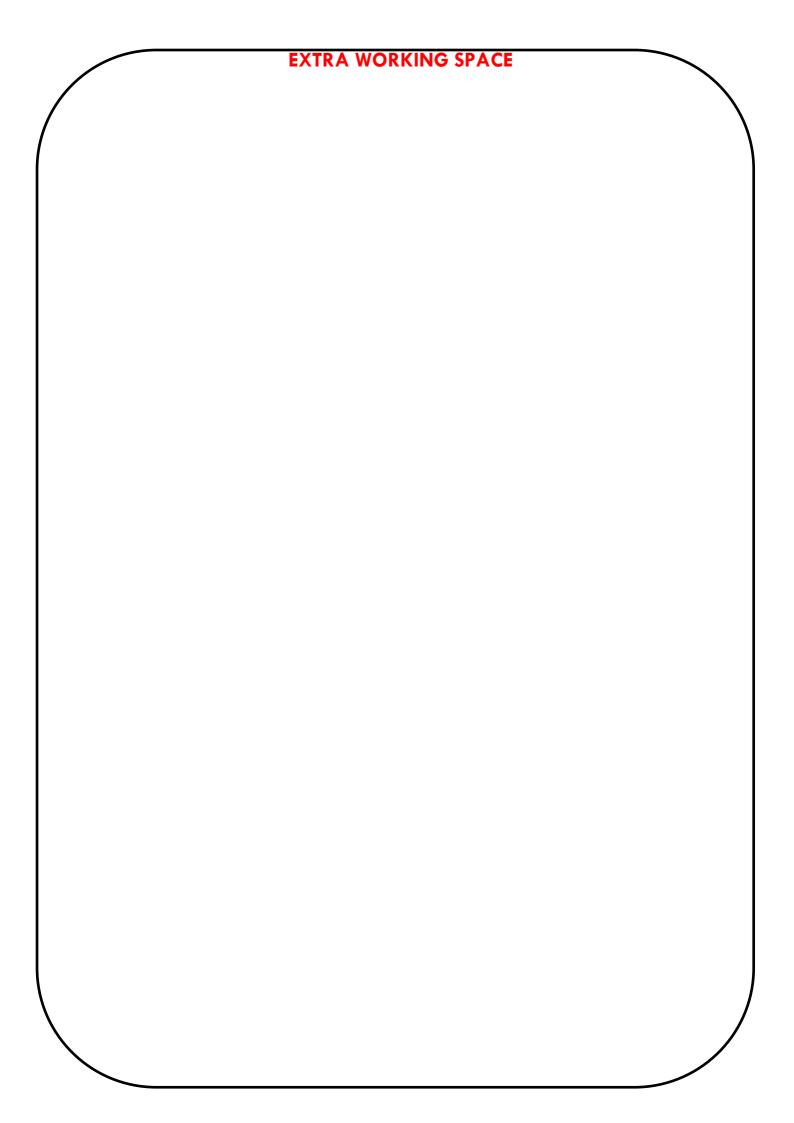
I wonder how long he could make his peaches last for...

Here are his rules:

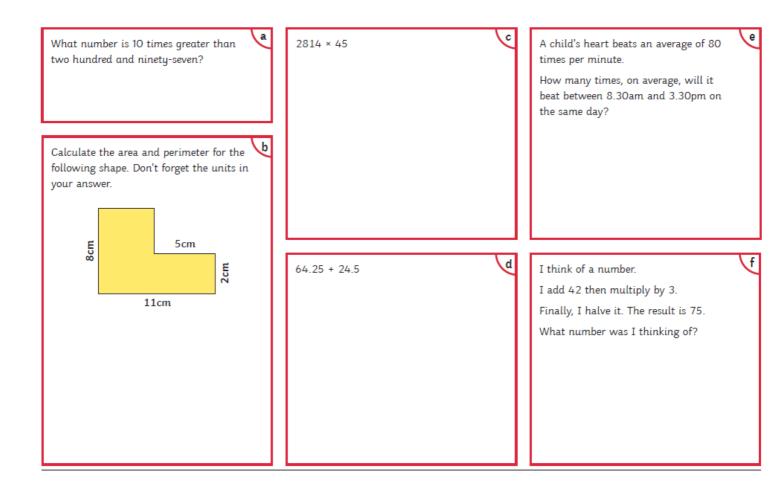
- Each fraction must be in its simplest form and must be less than 1.
- The denominator can never be the same as the number of peaches left. For example, if there were 45 peaches left, he could not choose to keep 4445 of them.

Can you start with fewer than 100 peaches and choose fractions so that there is at least one peach left after a week?

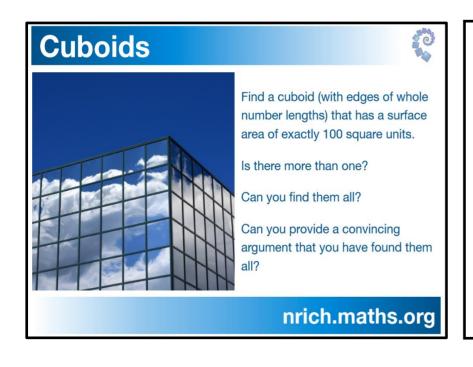
Starting with fewer than 100, what is the longest you can make the peaches last?



Week 4 - Task 1



Week 4 - Task 2

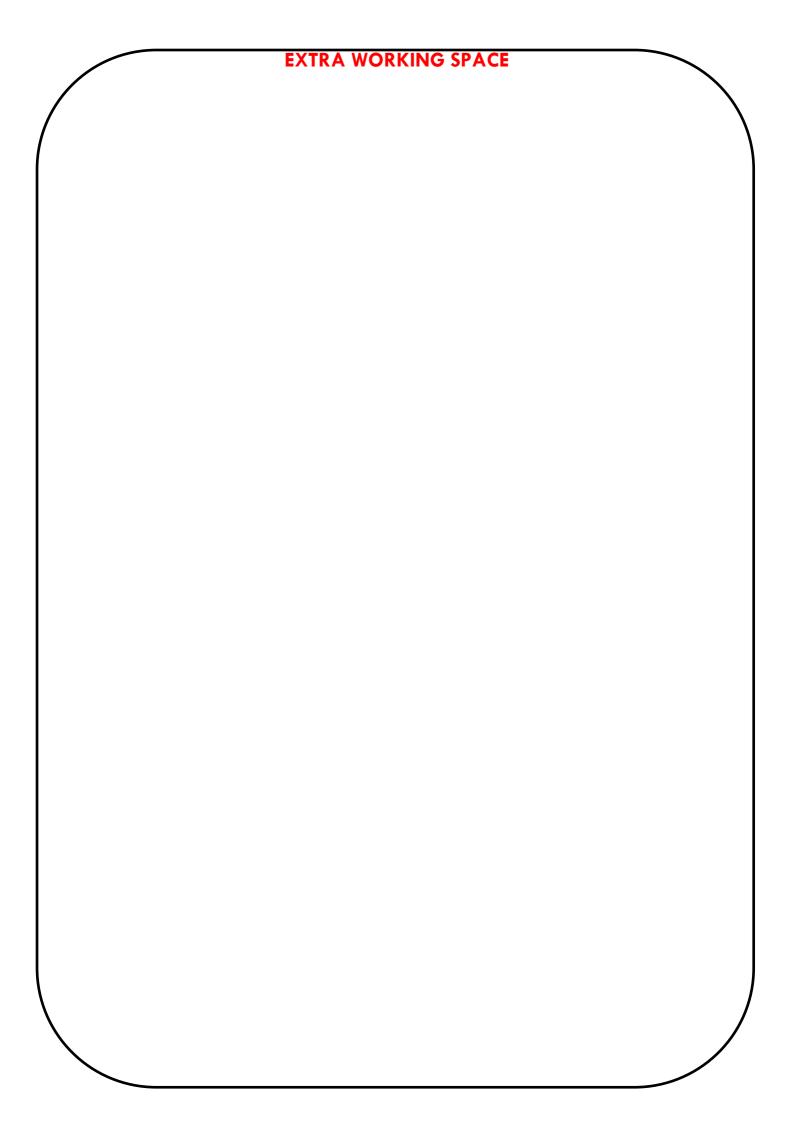


BRIGHT SPARKS EXTENSION QUESTIONS

Express the method for calculating surface area algebraically.

Which surface area values will generate lots of cuboids, and which give none or just one?

Could you set up a spreadsheet to help with the calculations?

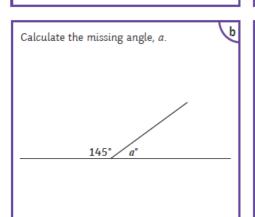


Week 5 - Task 1

Round 82 275 to the nearest: i 10 ii. 100 iii. 1000 iv. 10 000

Draw all the lines of symmetry on the diagram below.

6082 - 467.002



A farmer is packing eggs.

Each box holds six eggs.

The farmer has 860 eggs to pack.

- i. How many boxes can the farmer fill?
- ii. How many eggs will be left over?

A bag contains 7 red beads, 4 blue beads, 5 orange beads and 2 pink beads.

If a bead is picked at random, what is the probability of getting:

i. A red bead?

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- ii. A blue or pink bead?
- iii. Not an orange bead?

Week 5 - Task 2



You may have seen this sequence before:

1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, ...

It is called the Fibonacci Sequence, and each term is calculated by adding together the previous two terms in the sequence.

Try adding together any three consecutive Fibonacci numbers.

What do you notice? Can you explain it?

Choose any four consecutive Fibonacci numbers. Add the first and last, and divide by two.

What do you notice? Can you explain it?

Add together any six consecutive Fibonacci numbers and divide by four.

What do you notice? Can you explain it?

Can you discover any Fibonacci Surprises of your own?

BRIGHT SPARKS EXTENSION QUESTIONS

Can you discover any Fibonacci surprises of your own?

Write out algebraic representations of sets of consecutive terms & explore different ways to combine them.



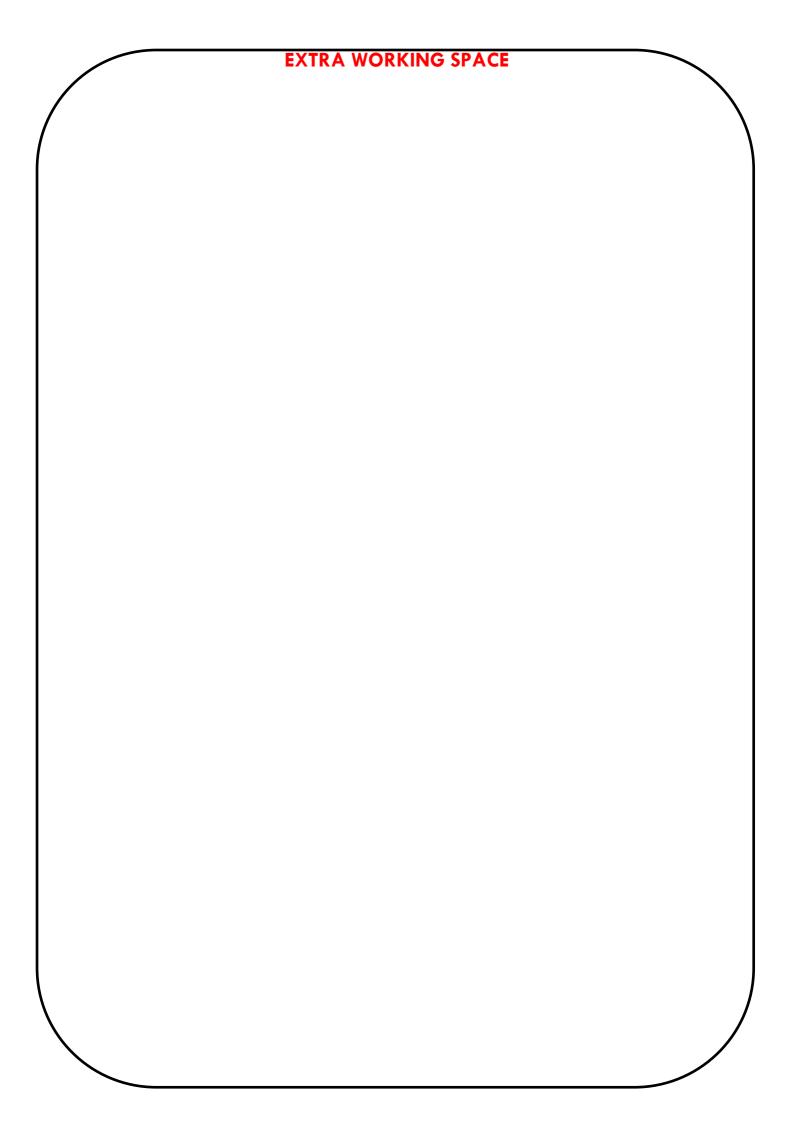












Week 6 - Task 1

Using <, = or >, write the correct symbol in each box to make the statements correct.

11 × 8 6 × 14

90 ÷ 30 80 ÷ 40

30 × 2 15 × 4

Write these fractions in order, starting with the smallest.

 $\frac{7}{6}$ $\frac{4}{6}$ $\frac{6}{18}$

Lily should have divided a number by 4, but instead she subtracted 4.

She got the answer 88.

What should her answer have been?

Write the following in order, starting with the smallest-

2.09, 2.9, 20.9, 2.19, 2.009

Write:

- i. 420mm in cm
- ii. 67cm in m
- iii. 5.45kg in g
- iv. 880ml in l
- v. 312cm in mm

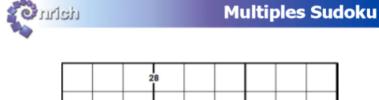
A teacher carried out a survey to find out students' favourite fruit. They drew a pie chart to show the results.

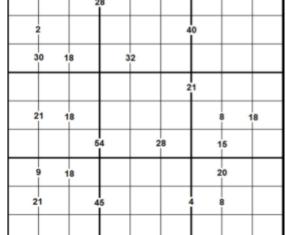


- If 6 students chose banana, how many students chose apple?
- ii. How many students, in total, were asked in the survey?

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Week 6 - Task 2





Rules of Multiples Sudoku

Like a conventional Sudoku, this Multiples Sudoku has two basic rules:

- 1. Each column, row, and 3 x 3 subgrid must have the numbers 1 to 9.
- 2. No column, row, or subgrid can have two cells with the same number.

The puzzle can be solved with the help of the numbers which are placed on the border lines between selected pairs of neighbouring cells These numbers are the product of the two digits in the cells to the left and right of the clue.

For example, where there is a 12 on the line between two neighbouring cells, the cells must contain 2 and 6, or 6 and 2, or 3 and 4, or 4 and 3.

After finding the values of all the unknown digits, the puzzle is solved by the usual sudoku strategy.

BRIGHT SPARKS EXTENSION QUESTIONS

Can you create one of your own?

Maybe with different rules (i.e. a 'sum sudoku' or a 'difference sudoku' or a 'diagonal multiples sudoku' or...?)













